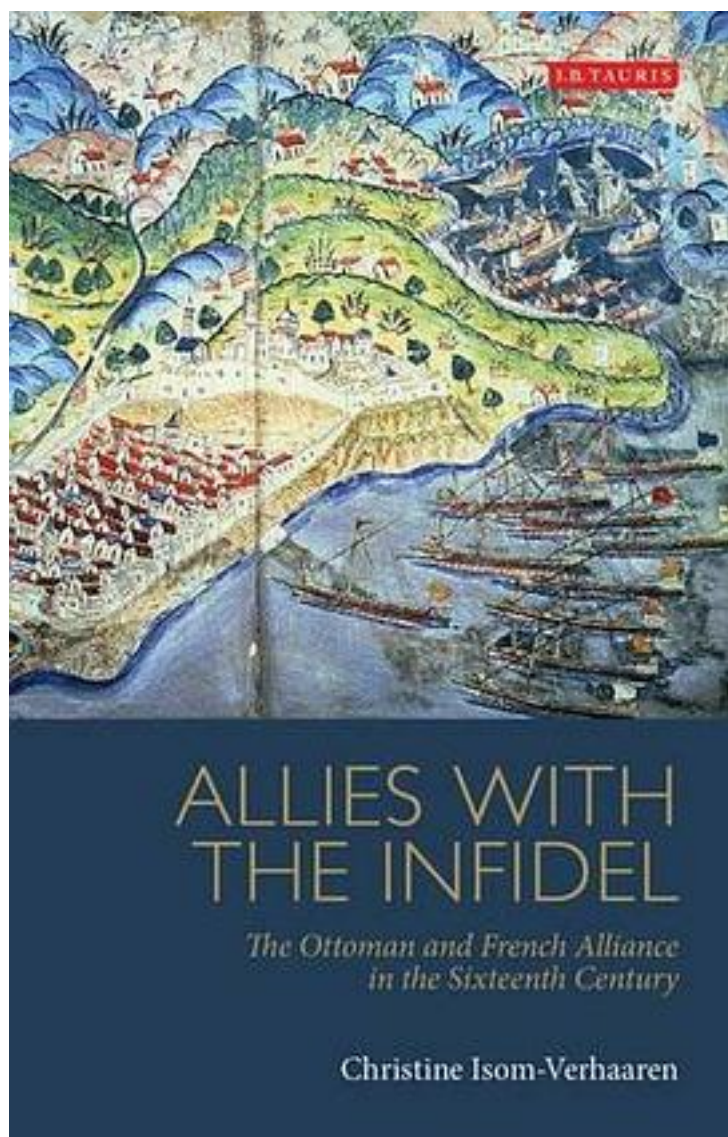


Allies with the Infidel



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著者:Christine Isom-Verhaaren

出版者:I.B.Tauris

出版时间:2011-5-30

装帧:Hardcover

isbn:9781848857285

In 1543, the Ottoman fleet appeared off the coast of France to bombard and lay siege to the city of Nice. The operation, under the command of Admiral Barbarossa, came in response to a request from François I of France for assistance from Sultan Süleyman the Magnificent in France's struggle against Charles V, the Habsburg Holy Roman Emperor and King of Spain. This military alliance between mutual 'infidels', the Christian French King and the Muslim Sultan, aroused intense condemnation on religious grounds from the Habsburgs and their supporters as an aberration from accepted diplomacy. Memories of the Crusades were, after all, still very much alive in Europe and an alliance with 'the Turk' seemed unthinkable to many. Allies with the Infidel places the events of 1543 and the subsequent wintering of the Ottoman fleet in Toulon in the context of the power politics of the sixteenth century. Relying on contemporary Ottoman and French sources, it presents the real politik of diplomacy with 'infidels' in the early modern era. The result is essential reading for students and scholars of European history, Ottoman Studies, and of relations between the Christian and Islamic worlds.

作者介绍:

Christine Isom-Verhaaren received her PhD in 1997 in Ottoman history from the University of Chicago where she was a student of Halil Inalcik. She has been teaching Middle East history at Benedictine University in Lisle, Illinois since 2001. She is the author of Royal French Women in the Ottoman Sultans' Harem: The Political Uses of Fabricated Accounts from the Sixteenth to the Twenty-first Centuries in *Journal of World History* (2006): 159-96 and Süleyman and Mihrimah: The Favorite's Daughter, *Journal of Persianate Studies* (special issue on fathers and daughters in Islam, 2011).

目录:

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标签

早期现代

帝国史

奥斯曼帝国

奥斯曼

伊斯兰

评论

奥斯曼与法国的同盟，在传统早期近代欧洲史叙事中，经常以一种很 sensational 的方式被表现，“渎圣同盟”这样的称呼就是一个例子。然而这种叙事很大程度上是哈布斯堡的宣传，后世随着奥斯曼的相对实力衰退，法兰克史家对奥斯曼愈发蔑视，所以后世就连法国史学家也接受了哈布斯堡的那套宣传。实际上，不仅哈布斯堡，就连教皇国也勾搭过奥斯曼。当时法国人对同盟的看法并不负面，1543年奥斯曼在南法过冬的舰队非常有序，没有发生劫掠当地居民的事情。反而是法王在提供补给上显得很拖拉，并且法王当时在攻略北意的指挥官人选上用人失当，中了萨伏依和热那亚的拖延计策，才导致联合行动成果有限。

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书评

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