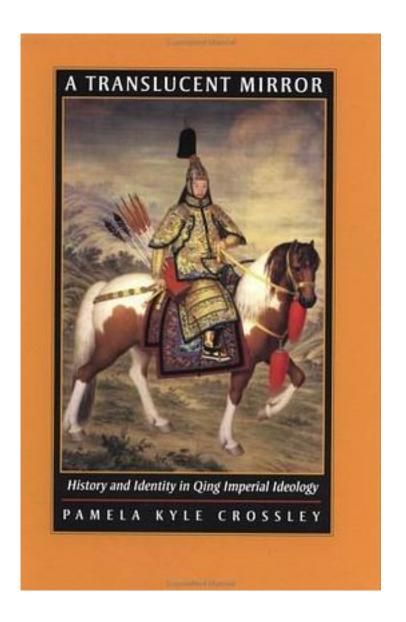
A Translucent Mirror



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著者:Pamela Kyle Crossley

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In this landmark exploration of the origins of nationalism and cultural identity in China, Pamela Kyle Crossley traces the ways in which a large, early modern empire of Eurasia, the Qing (1636-1912), incorporated neighboring, but disparate, political traditions into a new style of emperorship. Drawing on a wide variety of primary sources, including Manchu, Korean, and Chinese archival materials, Crossley argues that distortions introduced in seventeenth- and eighteenth-century historical records have blinded scholars to the actual course of events in the early years of the dynasty. This groundbreaking study examines the relationship between the increasingly abstract ideology of the centralizing emperorship of the Qing and the establishment of concepts of identity in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, before the advent of nationalism in China. Concluding with a broad-ranging postscript on the implications of her research for studies of nationalism and nation-building throughout modern Chinese history, A Translucent Mirror combines a readable narrative with a sophisticated, revisionary look at China's history. Crossley's book will alter current understandings of the Qing emperorship, the evolution of concepts of ethnicity, and the legacy of Qing rule for modern Chinese nationalism.

作者介绍:

Pamela Kyle Crossley is Rosenwald Research Professor of History, Dartmouth College; author of Orphan Warriors: Three Manchu Generations and the End of the Qing World (1990) and The Manchus (1997); and coauthor (with Richard Bulliet and Dan Headrick) of The Earth and Its Peoples (1997).

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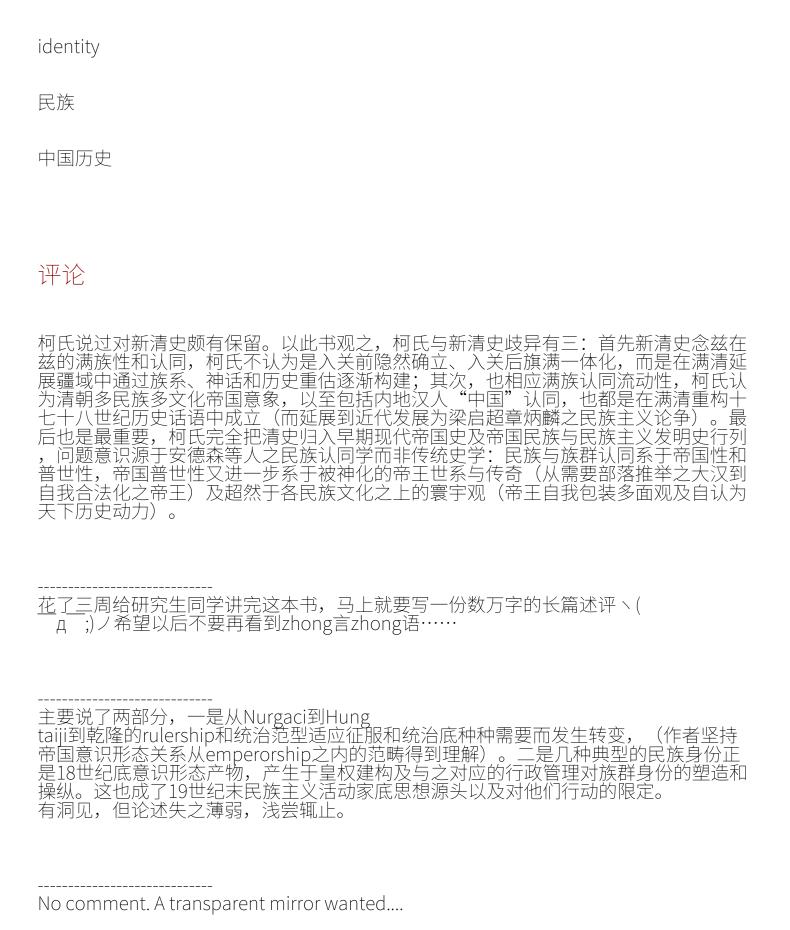
新清史

海外中国研究

柯娇燕

历史

清史



might be a "landmark" in terms of her perspective and concentrations, but not in terms of a good contribution on methods and argument. A smart and accurate capture of many things, though, the power rarely lies in her explanation and evaluation of

evidences. it is a fruit out of the breakthrough of literary theories, i would say.
反复读,极有收获,这是所谓满洲四书中理论性最强的一本,如果能把柯教授在1990年和1992年对族性和皇权性质的文章结合在一起读,就能够理解她为什么批评新清史学者把"满洲"和"清"混为一谈的观点了。
行文。。。
有一些敏銳的論點,可是書寫的實在頗為彆扭
introduction,第四章

O, poststructuralism! Identity is forever changing.
"sinicization" remains interesting and important; asa theorem in contemporary discourse, it represents only a tangle of undemonstrable but sentimentally charged explanations for cultural change in East Asia. 哈哈
New Ch'ing History.

书评

按:这不是我翻译的,我从国学数典上搬运过来的。本书前言:曾有一度,现代"民族"、"族群"身份的源头,看似存在于许多世纪以来以各种形式表现出来、并在过去百余年间由于帝国主义式微、乃至印刷与数字传媒出现而得以重新提炼的共同体、团结和公益等观念中。尤其当我们...

2001年第4期 University of California Press, 1999 张慧文 译

柯娇燕的《半透明之镜:清帝国意识形态中的"历史"与"身份"》洞见深刻,标志着十年来清史研究的巅峰。与美国历史学家Mark...

意识形态、统治权和历史清皇权接收信息,予之联想形式(associative forms),再将其送返。没有代理机构从头开始表演这套艺术。理想情况下或许能把理念转换和散播的每个时刻孤立起来,但既然这不可能,读者必须记住,清统治的各个时期在这方面从来不是静止的,视作一个整体的...

Somewhere between emperorship and ethnicity(identity) falls A Translucent Mirror. Running through Nurgaci, Huang Taiji and Qianlong, it explores the ideology of universal emperorship in different period of the Manchu rule, together with its relation to "co…

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