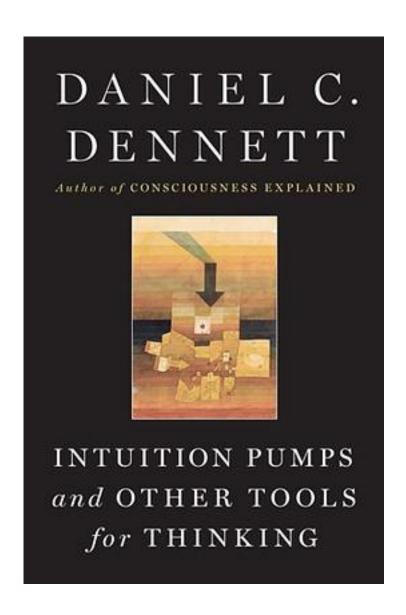
Intuition Pumps and Other Tools for Thinking



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著者:Daniel C. Dennett

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One of the world's leading philosophers offers aspiring thinkers his personal trove of mind-stretching thought experiments.

Over a storied career, Daniel C. Dennett has engaged questions about science and the workings of the mind. His answers have combined rigorous argument with strong empirical grounding. And a lot of fun.

Intuition Pumps and Other Tools for Thinking offers seventy-seven of Dennett's most successful "imagination-extenders and focus-holders" meant to guide you through some of life's most treacherous subject matter: evolution, meaning, mind, and free will. With patience and wit, Dennett deftly deploys his thinking tools to gain traction on these thorny issues while offering readers insight into how and why each tool was built.

Alongside well-known favorites like Occam's Razor and reductio ad absurdum lie thrilling descriptions of Dennett's own creations: Trapped in the Robot Control Room, Beware of the Prime Mammal, and The Wandering Two-Bitser. Ranging across disciplines as diverse as psychology, biology, computer science, and physics, Dennett's tools embrace in equal measure light-heartedness and accessibility as they welcome uninitiated and seasoned readers alike. As always, his goal remains to teach you how to "think reliably and even gracefully about really hard questions."

A sweeping work of intellectual seriousness that's also studded with impish delights, Intuition Pumps offers intrepid thinkers—in all walks of life—delicious opportunities to explore their pet ideas with new powers.

作者介绍:

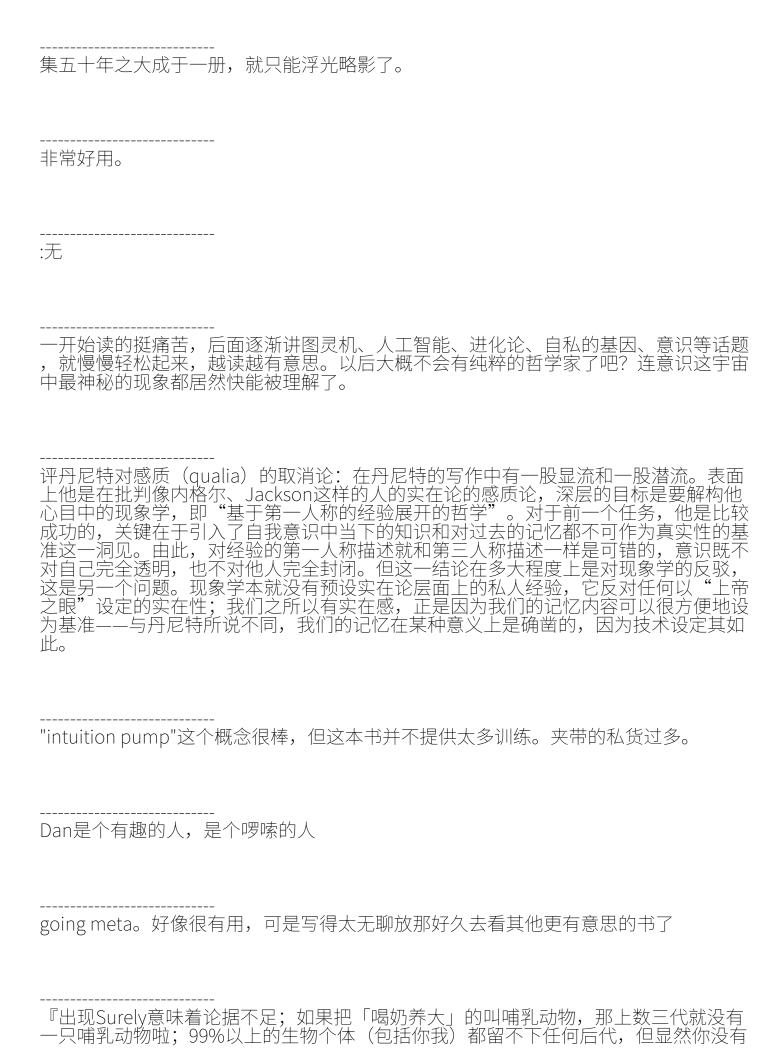
Daniel Clement Dennett III is a prominent philosopher whose research centers on philosophy of mind, science, and biology, particularly as they relate to evolutionary biology and cognitive science. He is the co-director of the Center for Cognitive Studies and the Austin B. Fletcher Professor of Philosophy at Tufts University. Dennett is a noted atheist, avid sailor, and advocate of the Brights movement.

Dennett received his B.A. in philosophy from Harvard University in 1963, where he was a student of W.V.O. Quine. In 1965, he received his D.Phil. from Christ Church, Oxford, where he studied under the ordinary language philosopher Gilbert Ryle.

Dennett gave the John Locke lectures at the University of Oxford in 1983, the Gavin David Young Lectures at Adelaide, Australia, in 1985, and the Tanner Lecture at Michigan in 1986, among many others. In 2001 he was awarded the Jean Nicod Prize, giving the Jean Nicod Lectures in Paris. He has received two Guggenheim Fellowships, a Fulbright Fellowship, and a Fellowship at the Center for Advanced Studies in Behavioral Science. He was elected to the American Academy of Arts and Sciences in 1987. He was the co-founder (1985) and co-director of the Curricular Software Studio at Tufts University, and has helped to design museum exhibits on computers for the Smithsonian Institution, the Museum of Science in Boston, and the Computer Museum in Boston. He is a Humanist Laureate of the International Academy of Humanism and a Fellow of the Committee for Skeptical Inquiry.

目录:





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 未能早读到这本书,遗憾。。。
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祖先符合这一规律。』丹内特给这种简单易用的小工具起了个名字叫「直觉泵」,年底出中文版(#60有删节),现正好评宣发中。

书评

谁是丹尼尔・丹尼特 运用最新科学成果研究心智和意识问题的哲学家、无神论四骑士和新达尔文主义者、决 定论和自由意志相容论者 如果以上几句话涉及的术语你没听说过,那么这本书可能不适合你,因为这不是一本营 销人士宣称的提高智力的通用思考工具书,而是表达丹尼特观点的专用... 1.很早就听闻丹尼尔·丹尼特的大名与其这本大作,等了三年终于等到湛庐引进的中文版。但说实话,作者的"丹式幽默"严重影响了我的阅读体验。每每讲着一个思想实验 ,就七弯八绕拐出去解释下这个概念,补充下那个知识点,再揶揄下反对者的意见,就 不能先简洁明了地把自己的观... 几年前看过斯坦诺维奇的《机器人叛乱:在达尔文时代找到意义》,为其中的机器人隐喻感到震惊无比,真是太巧妙了!然而,那时候我看得不太仔细,错把这份震惊归功给 了斯坦诺维奇。如果我那时仔细看看,就会发现文中明确写道,这个故事最早是丹尼尔 • 丹尼特讲的, 斯坦诺维奇也不... 很少在豆瓣写评论,这次真的想写一写。 心理学的书籍读的多一些,但是关于哲学,好像真的很少去读。总觉得哲学甚是玄妙, 离我们的生活有点遥远。一时半会儿也说不清楚到底什么才是哲学。如果《苏菲的世界 》是一本哲学书的话,那我也算是入了个门。一本《西方哲学史》只看了个开... 直觉泵是作者发明的名词,实际含义就是常说的思想实验。 作者做过科学家,目前是哲学教授,是"新无神论四大骑士"之一。书中主要内容是作 者的各种思想实验,其中很多可以算是开脑洞型的,也有一些作者说的思考工具,这其 中有不少是辩论中常见的谬误的模式,当然作者也讲了他识...

布坎南在谈及原则政治时提出一个问题,他问:真理是发现的,还是构思出来的?如果说真理是发现的,那么也就是说,真理自身是客观存在的,无论是否有人发现它。如果

说是构思的,那么不同的人,通过不同的构思,就创建出不同的真理。对于前者来说, 真理就是客观的、绝对的,而...

在近年来读过的演化心理学、认知科学、人工智能以及神经科学等领域的著作中,有一个哲学家的名字频繁出现,他就是当今最有影响力的哲学家: 丹尼尔·丹尼特。 拿最近阅读的《大局观从何而来》一书为例,人类学家罗宾·邓巴就以丹尼特提出的"意向性立场",作为其人类史"大局观...

一、自由意志是幻觉

我看到万维刚解读《行为》的时候,介绍了一个观点,即: 当前科学观点认为,人的自由意志是幻觉。他举例如下。

设想一个场景:你站在一个旋钮面前,可以拨到A和B两个档位。

场景一:我说拨到哪个档,你就拨到哪个档。那么你的行为是被我操控的,那么你不具有...

不过还是有收获的,有几个直觉泵很有启发。 72 掘土蜂状 有限能力无法成就自由选择如果一个人的心智到了像掘土蜂的程度,不管这是因为脑瘤或脑损伤,还是因为严重的神经失调或是精神病,或者纯粹是因为愚昧或不成熟,那么它也就无法做出有意义的事。 只有当我们的行为或选择不...

(去年书刚出版时整理的清单,已经记不清有多少是出自本书有多少是他在其他场合说的,不过都挺有意思的。) 1. 科学的本质就是,在公众面前犯错,在众目睽睽下犯错,以期他人能够帮助修正这些错误。 2. 如果为了确保自己的孩子在长大成人后依然能够奉行你的信仰,从而不得不诓…

近期病毒肆虐,整天听到的都是生和死的新闻,网络上不断更新的数字,背后是一个个破碎的家庭和一个个熄灭的生命。一直不敢出门,因为不知道归来是否还是那个健康的中年。全国上下惶惶,有些人害怕失去眼睛因此捂上了嘴巴,有些人害怕失去嘴巴因此闭上了眼睛。 在这样的时期,思...

第一部分通用思考工具犯错,记录,让大家知道你在错误中的尝试和经验。 Not even wrong,你的工作连错误都算不上—wolfgang pauli 拉波波特法则,如何成功的批评 1.清楚生动不偏不倚的重复对方的想法 2.列出对方观点中所有你同意的内容 3.提到你学到的东西 4.开始批评和反...

本书作者丹尼尔丹尼特是认知科学家和哲学家,2016年获评全球50位最具影响力的哲学家,与理查德·道金斯、萨姆·哈里斯、克里斯多夫·希钦斯并称"新无神论四大骆士"。 本书是他《意向立场》、《意识的解释》等诸多著作里面相对来说最好懂的一本书了,因为这本书是他抱着"我要
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