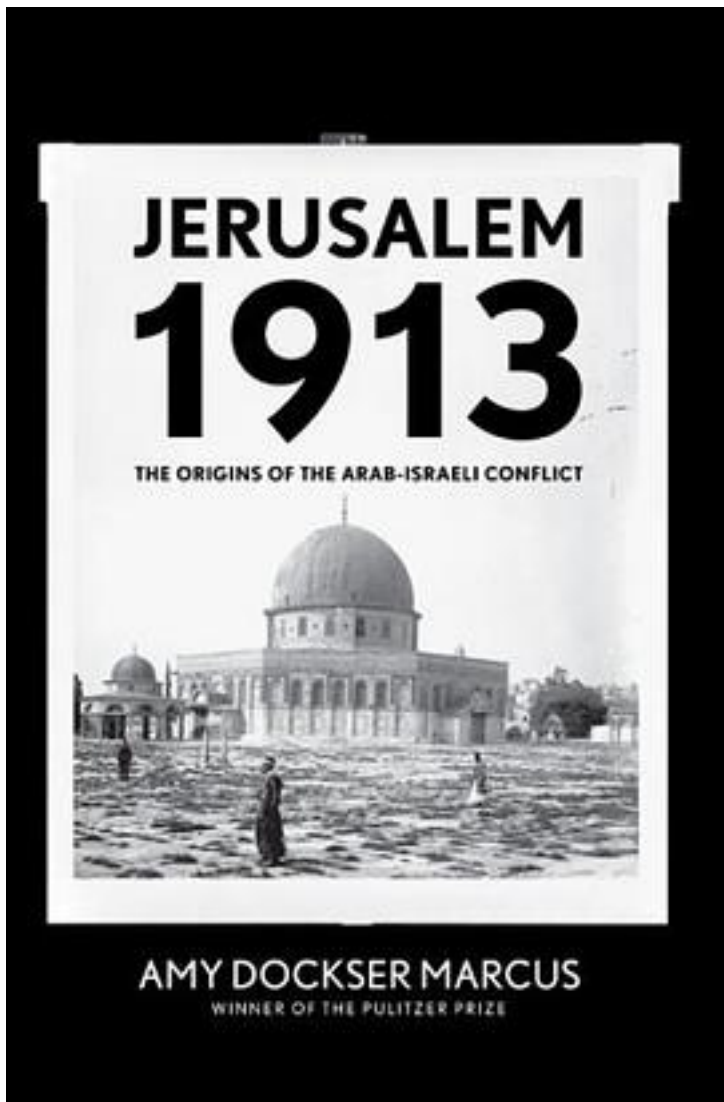


Jerusalem 1913



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著者:Amy Dockser Marcus

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A Pulitzer Prize-winning journalist examines the genesis of one of the greatest political struggles of our time Searching for the origins of the Arab-Israeli conflict, historians for years focused on the British Mandate period (1920–1948). Amy Dockser Marcus, however, demonstrates that the bloody struggle for power actually started much earlier, when Jerusalem was still part of the Ottoman Empire and the rise of Zionism and Arab nationalism laid the groundwork for the battles that would continue to rage nearly a century later. Nineteen thirteen was the crucial year for these conflicts—the year that the Palestinians held the First Arab Congress and the first time that secret peace talks were held between Zionists and Palestinians. World War I, however, interrupted these peace efforts. Dockser Marcus traces these dramatic times through the lives of a handful of the city’s leading citizens as they struggle to survive. A current events must read in our ongoing efforts to understand the Arab-Israeli conflict.

作者介绍:

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标签

锡安主义

耶路撒冷

犹太

历史

以色列

评论

读到说Herzl发现耶路撒冷是个好地方，然后犹太人开始了买地运动的时候，我心里默默一愣，原来犹太人就是国际化王德彪啊。然后真心觉得挺扯的。看到之前的评论说，这本书注重特写，故事性强，客观性可能有待考证，不过我个人倒觉得对于我这样对以巴问题的初学者来说，有些故事性还是必要的，况且marcus就是写feature

story出身的记者。我很怀疑为什么讲完1914年以后，就又直接回到了2005，而中间一些重要节点比如1948，1988年？是不是作者有避开讨论英国等西方国家干涉接入之嫌？要如此看，恐怕作者是以客观为目的，最终倒以不客观收场了。

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书评

老觉着美国的journalism记述方式 让我读着有点不自在
不敢100%相信它的客观和全视角。有点戏说的意思。

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