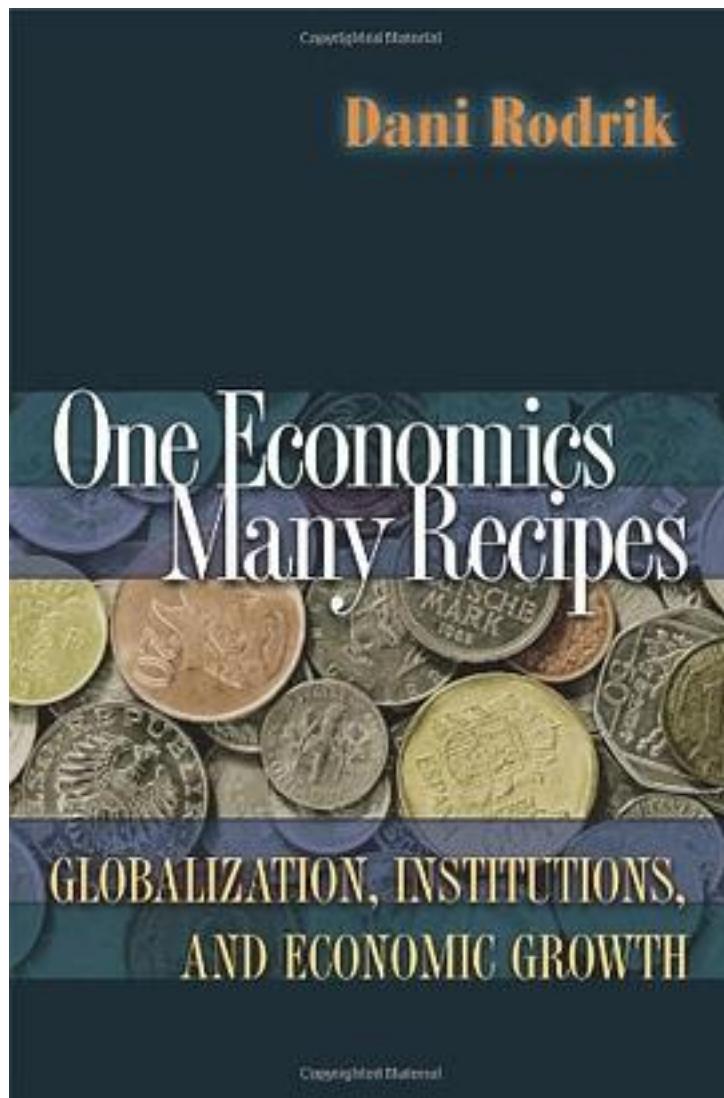


# One Economics, Many Recipes



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著者:Dani Rodrik

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In One Economics, Many Recipes, leading economist Dani Rodrik argues that neither globalizers nor antiglobalizers have got it right. While economic globalization can be a boon for countries that are trying to dig out of poverty, success usually requires following policies that are tailored to local economic and political realities rather than obeying the dictates of the international globalization establishment. A definitive statement of Rodrik's original and influential perspective on economic growth and globalization, One Economics, Many Recipes shows how successful countries craft their own unique strategies--and what other countries can learn from them.

To most proglobalizers, globalization is a source of economic salvation for developing nations, and to fully benefit from it nations must follow a universal set of rules designed by organizations such as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and the World Trade Organization and enforced by international investors and capital markets. But to most antiglobalizers, such global rules spell nothing but trouble, and the more poor nations shield themselves from them, the better off they are. Rodrik rejects the simplifications of both sides, showing that poor countries get rich not by copying what Washington technocrats preach or what others have done, but by overcoming their own highly specific constraints. And, far from conflicting with economic science, this is exactly what good economics teaches.

作者介绍:

Dani Rodrik is professor of international political economy at the John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University. He was the recipient of the inaugural Albert O. Hirschman Prize from the Social Sciences Research Council, and is the author of *Making Openness Work: The New Global Economy and the Developing Countries and Has Globalization Gone Too Far?*

目录:

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标签

经济学

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美国

经济史

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制度经济学

economics

经济

评论

很有趣，像是kennedy school课的风格，很多反常识的发现，比如 ” integration with the world economy is an outcome, and not a prerequisite, of a successful growth strategy. “

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All those brilliant ideas of Dani Rodrik

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漂亮的回归分析以及一直推崇的思路

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很有启发

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书评

国欲富，先自诊——经济学的临床药方 李华芳

[http://blog.sina.com.cn/s/blog\\_49275b420100evl4.html](http://blog.sina.com.cn/s/blog_49275b420100evl4.html)

自亚当·斯密的《国富论》以来，困扰经济学的一个重要问题是，为什么有的国家富裕，而有的国家贫穷。随之而来的问题就是，一个贫穷国家采用什么样的经济手段才能促进经济...

将制度建设和经济增长放到一块来谈，罗德里克绝非第一个，也绝不可能是最后一个。但本书仍不失近年来读到的最精彩的论述（降一颗星完全是因为翻译~虽说总体通达，但人名术语明显缺乏校对。比如，“Penn World Table” 整个是数据库的名称，6.1,6.2则是版本号——到了中译本竟成...

本书作者罗德里克是发展经济学的权威，甚至已经在许多发展经济学教材中专门列出专栏对其进行介绍，要知道这样的殊荣一般是给诺贝尔奖得主级别的经济学大家。读懂本书需要对经济学多个领域有一些了解，因为发展经济学本身就是一个将经济学个领域杂糅于分析发展中国家经济增长的...

这本书对我来说有几个新的视角来看待经济的增长和持续性

1: 中国经济的30年经济增长不是简单的对外开放吸引外资那么简单。配套政策或者说产业政策起到了基础的作用。这让我重新认识到邓小平的睿智。  
在没有经济研究和先例的参考下，邓小平提出来的改革政策能在中国成功，不能...

一个社会的运行之复杂程度，远远超过人类之想像。即便对其进行最大限度的简化，最终得出的理论模型依然是现在的数学工具所难以解决的。

经济学，其实可以分为两种，一种是关乎数据，一种是关乎人。

前一种，您尽可以将社会经济模型的各个元素想像成一个变量，假如知道这些许...

My professor one day highly recommended me this book when I told him I like to write something about China, Will the middle income trap inescapable since the horrible institution in our Country. As a book talking about institution all the time, it is ...

【<http://blog.sina.com.cn/leiwon>

】发达经济体主导的国际组织（IMF、WTO等等）为那些发展中经济体或转轨经济体开列的政策处方当中，“华盛顿共识”比较具有代表性。让人奇怪的是，东亚经济体（中国、韩国、中国台湾等等）常见的经济政策与“华盛顿共识”契合度不算高，却实现...

国内主流经济学家看经济的观点好像都有点偏，要么鼓吹中国改革开放30年取得的傲人成绩，要么就批判中国不够民主，制度有问题，政府对市场干预过多，金融模式只见监管不见创新，因此认为只要中国变的更民主，政府减少干预，金融模式创新，经济就一定会好转，然后把这些观点...

以较为客观的视野审视了世界上不同政策处方说引起的不同经济活动  
对西方一直以来推崇的所谓自由开放的经济政策提出质疑 全书理论水平较高  
其中建模部分较为难懂 整体而言值得一看

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