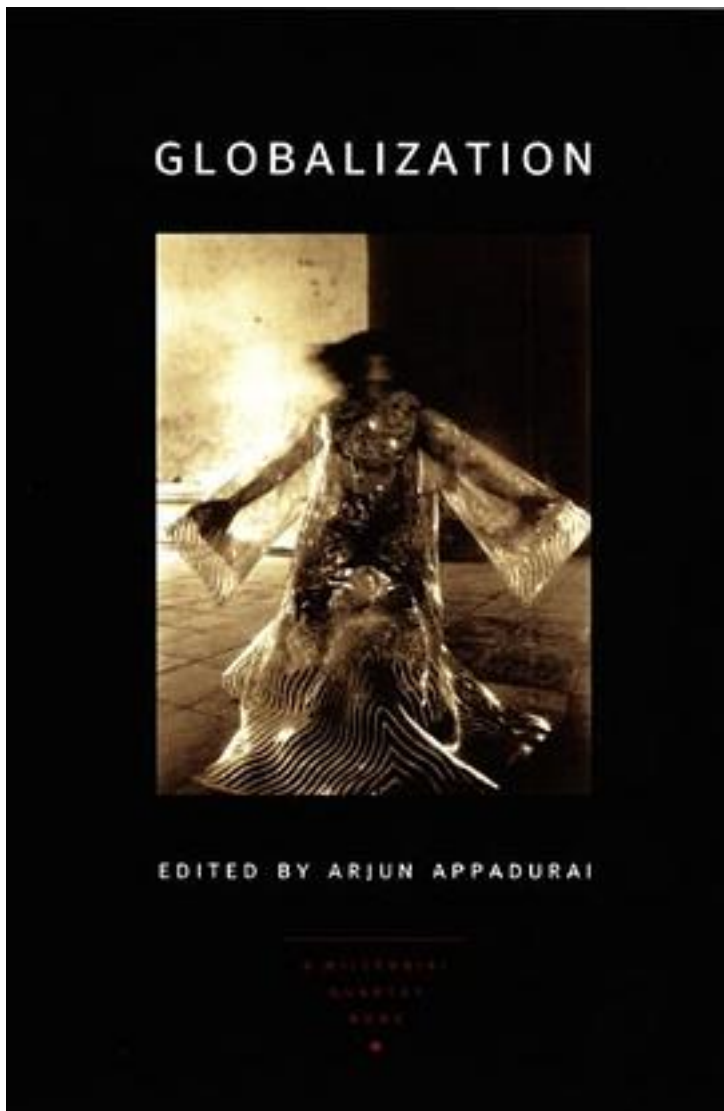


# Globalization



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Capitalist globalization has been instrumental in globalizing civil and political rights all over the world as a condition of 'free' markets and trade, but capitalist globalizers have no answer to the rapidly accelerating demands for universal economics and social rights, expressed in the enormous growth of local, national, multinational and global NGOs and anti-globalization movements. In this book, based on his highly successful "Sociology of the Global System", Leslie Sklair focuses on alternatives to global capitalism, arguing strongly that there are other alternative futures that retain and encourage the positive aspects of globalization whilst identifying what is wrong with capitalism. The negative aspects of capitalist globalization are explored in a new critique which argues that there are two main crises of capitalist globalization: the class polarization crisis and the crisis of ecological unsustainability. The book also presents a new analysis of a long-term alternative to global capitalism: the globalization of human rights.

作者介绍:

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## 标签

全球化

## 评论

Sklair还是挺有意思的，虽然我真心觉得他太utopian了（当然他自己也这么承认了）

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TNP的框架涵盖经济、政治、文化意识形态层面的全球化。但是TNC的概念与nation-state的冲突与共融分析还不是很到位。对state-centrism的指认和批判过于模糊武断，而作者提出的TNC则试图包括全球化进程中的各领域的精英阶层，概念范围过于泛化。socialist globalization作为capitalist globalization的另一条解决道路本质上有何区别？Co-operative democracy的动力和主体又由哪个阶级实现？  
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## 书评

这本书给我不少启发。先mark一点吧。在最后一章，Sklair提出要构建socialist globalisation来作为capitalist globalisation的替代，前者与后者最大的区别就在于，后者的culture-ideology是消费主义，前者则是普世人权。关于人权，听起来是陈词滥调，不过Sklair对这点有清楚的...

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