

数理逻辑



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著者:艾宾浩斯 (Ebbinghaus H.D.)

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《数理逻辑(第2版)》主要内容：What is a mathematical proof? How can proofs be justified? Are there limitations to provability? To what extent can machines carry out mathematical proofs? Only in this century has there been success in obtaining substantial and satisfactory answers. The present book contains a systematic discussion of these results. The investigations are centered around first-order logic. Our first goal is' Godel's completeness theorem, which shows that the consequence relation coincides with formal provability: By means of a calculus consisting of simple formal inference rules, one can obtain all consequences of a given axiom system (and in particular, imitate all mathematical proofs)

作者介绍:

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评论

非常好的数理逻辑入门，本科数学系大二适用（最好学完抽代）

复习的时候重读才发现真是没有一句废话而且很多很小的细节都照顾得很好。偏数学，不适合单独学习。

对于这本书我只能无奈而又悻悻地说一句：我擦。

没读完就被同学借走不还

对读者相当友好，适合作为初学者教材，基于集合论的表述方式使内容清晰易懂。此外，本书在叙述「用项替换变元（的自由出现）」时规避了「替换是自由的」这一概念的引入，而是在替换的归纳定义中对不能自由替换的出现进行换名/易字后替换，这种处理凝练而优雅，这在其他教材中似乎是没有见过的。

现在看来，当初觉得“写的不详细”的缺点（其实是没有懂），变成了“没有废话”的优点

讀了前半部分，這東西真讓我..沒興趣。畢竟是“人類的理論”。

艰难读到Sequent calculus。自勉，要看完

很多人觉得它不详细，回头看其实是concise才对。

深入不浅出

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书评

北大以此作为研究生的数理逻辑教材。邢滔滔老师的《数理逻辑》也脱胎于此。书中详略得当，对于基础一点而过，适合有些逻辑基础的人来学习。

书中的推演系统是矢列演算，这也是我在国内教材中从未见到过的。通过学习以及与公理系统和自然推演系统的对比，可以更有助于整体的...

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