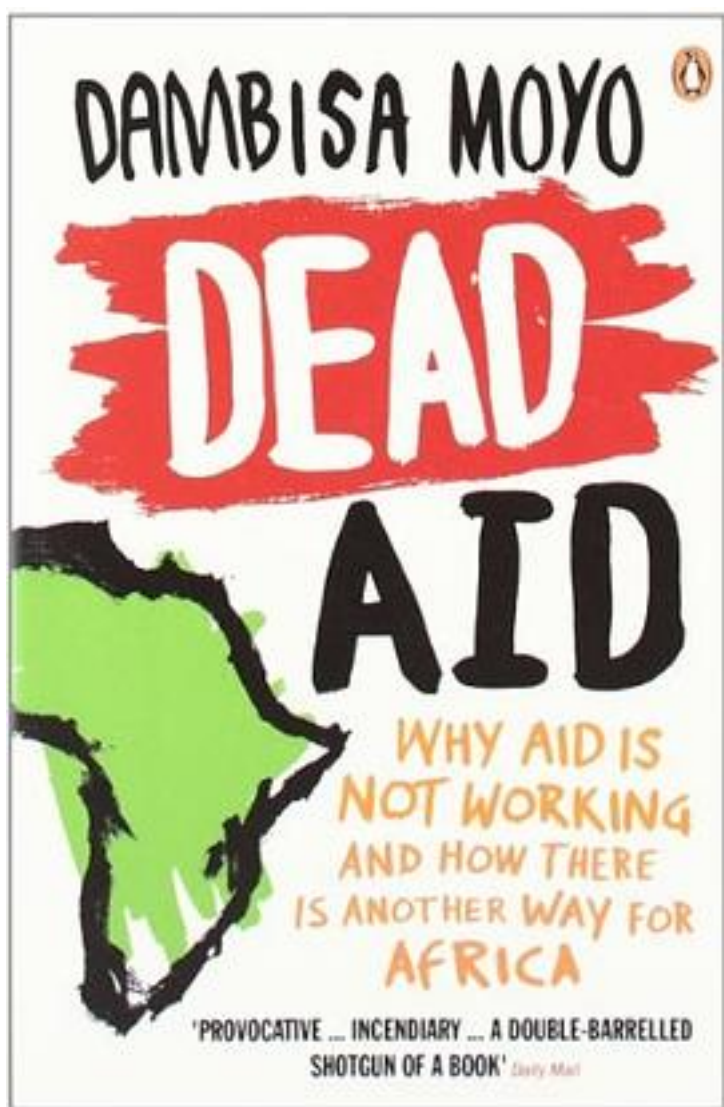


# Dead Aid



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著者:Dambisa Moyo

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There is no doubt: we want to help.

The well-documented horrors of extreme poverty around the world have created a moral imperative that people have responded to in their millions.

Yet the poverty persists. At a time of unprecedented global prosperity, children are starving to death. Are we not being generous enough? Or is the problem somehow insoluble, an inevitable outcome of historical circumstance?

In this provocative and compelling book, Dambisa Moyo argues that the most important challenge we face today is to destroy the myth that Aid actually works. In the modern globalized economy, simply handing out more money, however well intentioned, will not help the poorest nations achieve sustainable long-term growth.

Dead Aid analyses the history of economic development over the last fifty years and shows how Aid crowds out financial and social capital and directly causes corruption; the countries that have 'caught up' did so despite rather than because of Aid. There is, however, an alternative. Extreme poverty is not inevitable. Dambisa Moyo also shows how, with improved access to capital and markets and with the right policies, even the poorest nations could be allowed to prosper.

If we really do want to help, we have to do more than just appease our consciences, hoping for the best, expecting the worst. We need first to understand the problem.

作者介绍:

Dambisa Moyo is a Global Economist at an Investment Bank in London. She previously worked at the World Bank in Washington DC. A native of Zambia, Southern Africa, Dambisa holds a Doctorate in Economics from Oxford University and a Masters from Harvard University.

Dambisa has spoken on issues of Aid, Debt and Poverty in developing countries at conferences including at the World Economic Forum in Davos Switzerland in 2005.

Dambisa lives in London. Dead Aid is her first book.

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## 评论

<http://www.newsmth.net/nForum/#!article/Reader/621904?p=2>

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这就是为什么对于国关来讲, professional experience对于Master很重要的原因。没有真正做过国际事务的经验就很难形成自己的价值体系和观点。看这个作者觉得写的很对, 看那个argument觉得很有道理, 就总是形不成自己的观点。只有真正在一个领域有了工作经验, 深入到project的运行当中才会形成自己的看法。每个人的看法都可能是biased, base on his/her own working experience. 但这总比只从别人口中二手得来的货要有价值的多。

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援助的历史: 非洲的困境+非洲的进步/loans是贷款grants是白送给你/援助的目的和发展机构对于贫穷的解决方案随历史变化p24有总结, 比如想要我的援助, 就必须structural adjustment (就是经济自由化) /不好的governance.weak institution together with obsession with democracy  
援助为什么不行:先说为什么不发达, 文献综述非洲地理不好, 殖民及其legacy, 文化, 太多tribe32页, institutuion很多种类的, 但是总有个例, 唯一不例外的就是都依靠援助。对比马歇尔计划和非洲援助。conditionality(有时就算没完成条件, 援助还是不停的来)。得有民主才行呢(吗)p42!

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## 书评

国际援助的历史可以追溯到很久以前。最成功的例子可能是二战后美国对欧洲的马歇尔计划。这些援助计划背后都带有两个共同的假设，即资本是一国发展的动力源泉，民主法制体系是发展的保障。前者从重商主义到后来的贸易保护主义身上都可以看出。保证并增加本国的资本存量被认为是...

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When Help Does Harm

[http://online.wsj.com/article/SB123725502933150589.html?mod=rss\\_Books](http://online.wsj.com/article/SB123725502933150589.html?mod=rss_Books) When Help Does Harm By MATTHEW REES It is one of the great conundrums of the modern age: More than 300 million people living across the continent of Africa are stil...

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援助的历史：非洲的困境+非洲的进步/loans是贷款grants是白送给你/援助的目的和发展机构对于贫穷的解决方案随历史变化p24有总结，比如想要我的援助，就必须structural adjustment（就是经济自由化）/不好的governance.weak institution together with obsession with democracy...

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