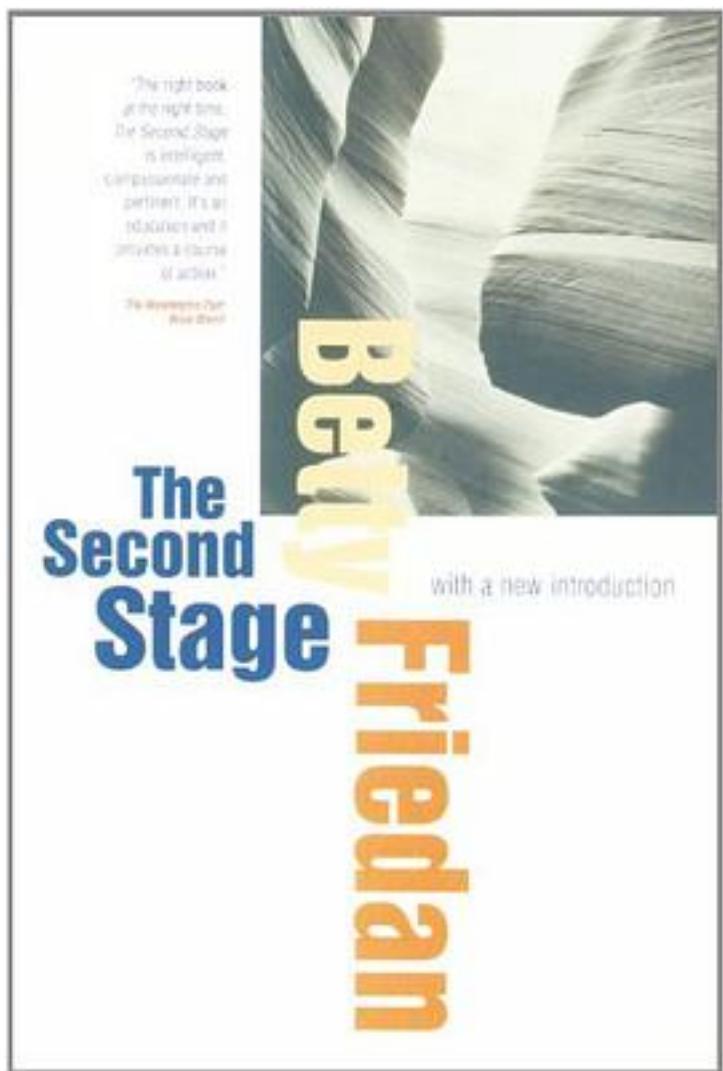


The Second Stage



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著者:Betty Friedan

出版者:Harvard University Press

出版时间:1998-4-1

装帧:Paperback

isbn:9780674796553

First published in 1981, this book argues that much of what is called new thinking in feminism has been observed and argued before. Warning the women's movement against dissolving into factionalism, male-bashing and preoccupation with sexual and identity politics rather than "bottom-line" political and economic inequalities, Betty Friedan argues that once past the initial stages of describing and working against political and economic injustices, the women's movement should focus on working with men to remake private and public arrangements that work against full lives with children for both women and men. Friedan's agenda to preserve families is far more radical than it appears, for she argues that a truly equitable preservation of marriage and families may require a reorganization of many aspects of conventional middle-class life, from the greater use of flexy time and job-sharing, to company-sponsored daycare, to new home designs to permit communal housekeeping and cooking arrangements. Called "utopian" when it first came out, some of these visions are coming to pass in 1998.

作者介绍:

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标签

性别研究

性

女性主义

女性

评论

犹太人对家庭的变迁格外敏感。

1981年首次出版，为ERA-Equal Rights

Amendment (但其在1982年最终以失败告终，没能被写入美国宪法) 背书的政治目的明显。更主要的书写目的是指出妇女运动第一阶段基本结束，现在应该迈向第二阶段，主要是要处理家庭问题。认为当下很多妇女已经争取到了工作权，但却陷入了难以平衡工作和婚姻生子的矛盾中。Friedan给出的解决方案依然是老一套的社群互助。从《女性的奥秘》到《第二阶段》，可以看出女性主义对母亲身份问题思考的转向，由摒弃转向重估价值。讽刺的是虽然这本书反对了里根政府在妇女权利方面的反动倾向，其对家庭等问题的重思恰恰符合这一反动势力的要求。弗里丹的写作风格一向是观点+采访例证，不是严格意义上的学术书

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