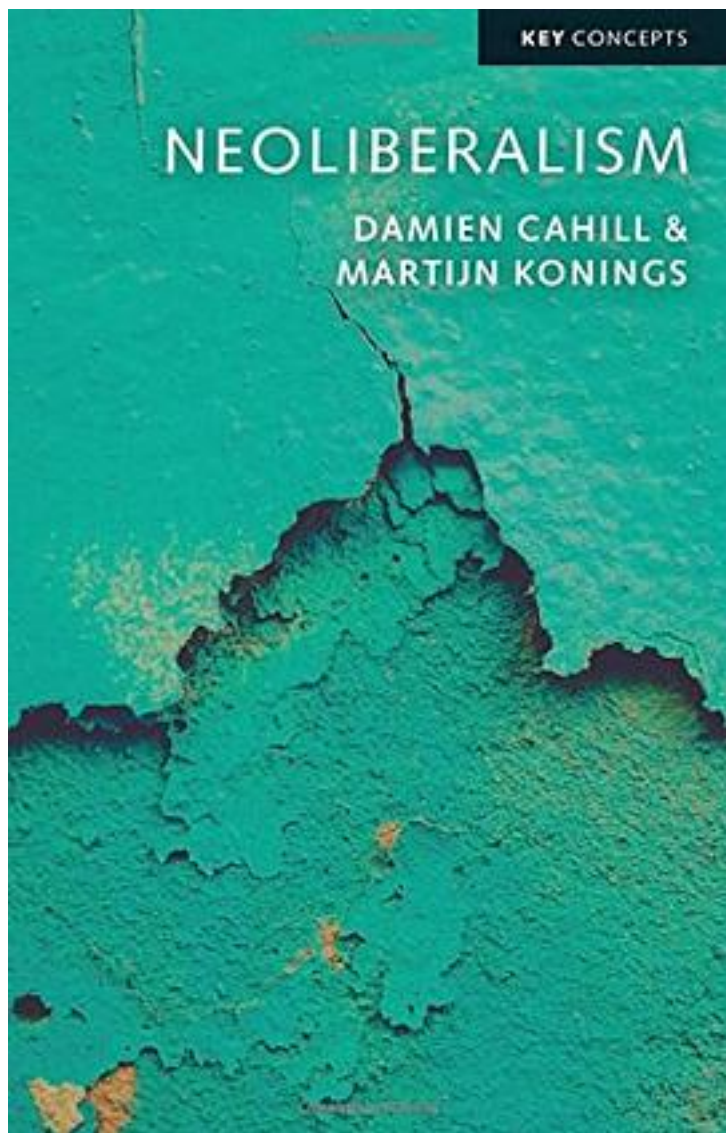


Neoliberalism



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Anchored in the principles of the free-market economics, "neoliberalism" has been associated with such different political leaders as Ronald Reagan, Margaret Thatcher, Bill Clinton, Tony Blair, Augusto Pinochet, and Junichiro Koizumi. In its heyday during the late 1990s, neoliberalism emerged as the world's dominant economic paradigm, stretching from the Anglo-American heartlands of capitalism to the former communist bloc all the way to the developing regions of the global South. Today, however, neoliberalism has been discredited as the global economy, built on its principles, has been shaken to its core by the worst financial calamity since the 1930s. Is neoliberalism doomed or will it regain its former status? Will the new U.S. President Barack Obama embrace or reject the neoliberal agenda of his predecessors in the White House? And how will his decision impact the current global economic order? Is there a viable alternative to neoliberalism? Exploring the origins, core claims, and various forms of neoliberalism, this Very Short Introduction offers a concise and accessible introduction to one of the most debated "isms" of our time.

作者介绍:

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标签

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经济

新自由主义

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資本主義

美国

评论

优点是介绍全面，缺点是立场偏左对新自由主义的成就多有贬低

....辛苦作者了....这么小的篇幅挤这么多东西

牛津这套不如叫佛脚丛书。

提出新自由主义的三个维度。新自由主义的两次浪潮和在亚洲拉美和非洲的发展。观点比较片面和简略，鲜提及和其他ideology之间的关联（e.g. populism）。很爱在章节末尾使用“let us”。

作者将新自由主义分成三个互相交错的概念：既是一种意识形态，也是一种政治治理，同时也是经济政策。值得注意的是，虽有“自由”二字在其中，事实上是趋于保守的经济政策。从效果上看，新自由主义也的确加剧了贫富差距，南北差距，固化阶级关系和国际不平等关系。

确实是简介，但真的很干货。一周断断续续读完，厘清了一些之前没搞懂的问题。算是一本国别经济史小书，对于高中学习过全球化那本小书的人应该格外亲切。如果是在今年之前中国面临的更多是机遇，今后就更多面临挑战，冲！

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