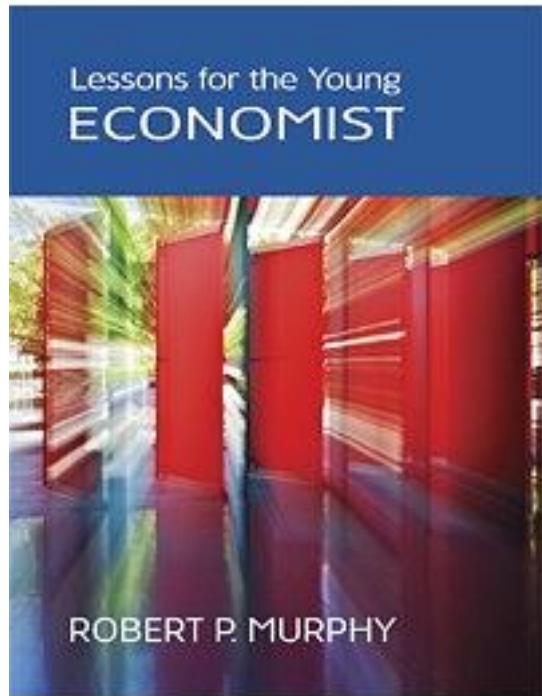


Lessons for the Young Economist



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著者:Murphy, Robert P.

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We are beyond mere excitement about *Lessons for the Young Economist*. It is easily the best introduction to economics for the young reader—because it covers both pure economic theory and also how markets work (the domain of most introductory books).

Robert Murphy has the right frame of mind and mastery of the subject matter to provide the best possible pedagogy. The logic is super clear. The organization is impeccable. It achieves a great balance between “plain old” economics and that

aspect of economic thought that is considered particularly Austrian. Therefore, it prepares the student for both conventional economic studies in the future and provides the logical rigor and policy clarity that only the Austrian School perspective can offer.

Most of the attempts at such texts falter because they are either too dry and technical for the young reader or they are littered with attempts to keep the student entertained with references to pop culture or cheesy passages that attempt to “speak the child’s language” but only end up sounding patronizing.

Dr. Murphy’s text has none of this. The prose has relentless fire without needless fireworks. What drives it forward is intellectual passion born of his love of the topic. What’s also nice is that he is nowhere self-consciously trying to sound like someone he is not. It is his real voice, explaining everything point by point. For this reason, the text is warm and engaging.

Here is the product of vast experience and daily writing. This permits the voicing of the book to achieve a remarkable integration page to page, chapter to chapter. Though he is drawing from the whole history of the development of economics, the text ends up being strikingly original. His approach is not based on anything but his own sense of how to teach this subject.

This book will not be boring or useless even for people who think they already know the subject. Every page or two, there are fresh insights. For example, on the problems with barter, he shows that in the real world, most goods and services would not have come into existence at all (so that there would be no trading of tractors for cobbler services because there would be no tractors or repairable shoes). In another place, he points out that one of the advantages of the division of labor is that it makes the advantages of automation more readily apparent.

Maybe these points appear in other introductory texts but the way he works them into a logical and seamless system is very impressive. It has a much larger market than just high-school students. Anyone can enjoy this book and learn from it. The appropriate age here is probably 13 and up but any adult will love this book.

Murphy wrote the first study guides to *Human Action* and *Man, Economy, and State*. He can now add another medal to his chest. It is a big one. There is every reason to believe that this book will still have powerful legs decades from now.

As for the price, it is close to being a miracle for a textbook of this size and expanse. The conventional publishers of bad books at high prices don’t stand a chance against this landmark.

作者介绍:

罗伯特·墨菲是美国著名经济学家、顾问、专栏作家和多部畅销书作者。他的热门文章经常出现在《洛杉矶时报》《华盛顿时报》《市场观察》《福布斯》和《投资者商业日报》等杂志上，作品包括《第一本经济学》《<人的行为>导读》《<人, 经济与国家>导读》《选择》等。

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标签

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奥地利学派

经济

Economics

RobertMurphy

libertarianism

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2011

评论

对于初学者而言的极好入门书目，配合公开课的量化讲法学习，效果很好。只不过。。被奥地利学派洗脑了，尤其是后半本，就是一直强调"政府不要干预政府不要干预政府不要干预"，论证举例比较片面，不及前半本写的好，鲁滨逊的事例尤其赞。

实际上，这本书和其它经济学初级课本之间的差距远没有我想象中的大。

看英文原版书还是有很大难度，很多地方一知半解，电子版同样还不适应。

比较之后

不错的经济学入门读物。语言简洁易懂，举例翔实生动，逻辑条理清晰。

这是我看过的最好的入门读物。第一部分尤为精彩。中文版叫《第一本经济学》，不知道翻译得怎么样。很喜欢这种开头先讲方法论的书。

按照章节顺序读下来会有很大的收获：经济学原来是这样的，有意思！比其他满眼模型公式的入门经济学读物更有逻辑，裂墙推荐！

第一本奥地利学派经济学入门读物，厘清，了解了很多知识点，很赞啊！

第一本奥派的

給小孩看的。入門書的入門級介紹。是有特定閱讀群體的！要注意這個特點！想深入了解的請繞道了！

你为什么对经济学感兴趣？

“每个公民都应该掌握基础经济学，以防范无视经济规律的破坏性政府政策所带来的危

害。”一出自Robert Murphy的经济学入门教材Lessons for the Young Economist。

奥地利学派入门的绝佳书籍，语言风趣时尚，中文版的译作也很棒。最关键的第一部分把奥地利经济学的核心点出来了--个人在有目的行动，个人有偏好。里面还有很多概念和术语定义的都很到位，适合背下来。

读了电子版。入门级读物，对于经济学框架的正确建立确有助益。其中社会主义部分印象深刻。

读到最后才发现是一本奥地利学派洗脑初中生的读物，但是最精彩的还是后半部分从论证社会主义开始到对政府干预的反对。

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书评

《第一本经济学》的译者在序言中说：“经济学原本是帮助人们洞察世事、学习人与人相处之道的有趣学问。”——我理解的“洞察世事”，是说，经济学提供了一套由许多相互联系的概念组成的理论框架，我们用它来理解经济运行，和各种与稀缺、选择相关的社会现象。不管市面...

《第一本经济学》介绍 杰弗里·塔克 米塞斯研究院出版 2010

我们无比兴奋地向大家推荐《第一本经济学》。这无疑是年轻读者最好的经济学入门书，因为它既涵盖了纯经济理论，也包括市场的运作机制（大多数入门书籍的领域）。罗伯特·墨菲具有正确的想法并精通主题，他在...

罗伯特·墨菲表达对计划经济的反感，跟表达对市场经济的着迷一样毫无遮掩，个人观点鲜明，不过也正因为个人观点鲜明，部分观念有些先入为主了。对市场经济的过于自信，导致在谈及政府对经济的干预时，火药味十足，有点将政府和经济对立起来的意思，这让我感觉很不快。我依然相...

非常好的中译本，读起来十分流畅，值得推荐给所有人。

虽然我并不是一个好学生，但从高二就开始了理工男的生涯，30多年了竟然没有意识到自己的知识体系是如此狭隘。作者墨菲用最浅显的字句让我领悟到社会、人、经济、生活所构造的社会科学是如此宝贵，永远环绕在人周围的社会...

(旧文) 只有个人才行动! 2011-02-25 12:47:28 我曾经在另一篇日记中写道：

“评论非位格性的存在，常常是没有意义的，纵使狡辩说，许多事物可以”位格化“，比如评价某某报纸为”中国最有良心的媒体“，但这种”位格化“总是值得存疑和警惕的。正如，国家没有位格，我们...

先定个调子，这是一本很好的基础性的课外读物。之所以说是课外读物，是因为学习经济学的会嫌讲的太浅，而底子薄一些的读者读起来会比较舒服。

但是就没人批评这本书嘛？

我介于专业学习和一点儿不了解之间，这倒不是我的第一本经济学书，之前看了几本经济学的或与经济学搭点儿...

很好的奥派经济学入门书籍

经济学分为很多学派，凯恩斯学派，货币学派，马克思主义经济学等等，各个学派之间党同伐异，经济学应该属于什么范畴？凯恩斯学派将经济学归为统计数学类，统计各种产值，运用数学的研究方法，比如国民生产总值等一系列的指数。奥派则不使用数学，从分...

第一本经济学

经济学是一门均衡的学科，在市场自由的前提下，供给和需求、员工和雇主、借款和贷款等都达到了一个动态平衡，我们的社会，也是一个动态平衡的社会，家庭也是如此，平衡才会和谐，才会双赢

经济学属于社会科学，大众对于自然科学的认知地位高于社会科学 1. 大众对于...

尽管名义上是启蒙和科普，但对社会主义和计划经济的批判当真是一针见血，而对资本主义和市场经济面临的难题，却视而不见、顾左右而言他，不免透露出通过驳斥一堆低级荒谬的批判以显得万事大吉的心思。真的万事大吉吗？如果假设成立便是。如果没有垄断或许万事大吉。可哪没有...

墨菲说，他从法律上支持毒品合法化，虽然从道德上他支持禁毒。他的这个立场，和奥地利学派、马尔萨斯这些人的立场是一致的，或者说他和Sowell所谓的那些持有the tragic vision的人的立场是一致的。但是问题是，即使对人性、人的理性能力有悲观的态度，也没有必要放弃干预。当然...

作者是经济学家，本书有不少经济学家推荐，因此可以认为书中的内容是被学术圈普遍接受的因此是可信的。文风通俗易懂，缺点是对我来说前2/3的篇幅信息量太小。内容相对来说还算全面。

书中有一些违背常识的观点，但是有理有据，而且应该不是作者一家之言而是学术界共识。比如...

作者对资本主义市场经济了解很好，但是意识形态上极其虚伪，睁着眼说瞎话。故意夸大社会主义制度杀了多少人。建议看这本书不要相信其中数据，完全没有引用-怀疑是译者夹带私货？？

搜搜欧洲资本主义国家在非洲美洲杀了几千万人，然后对比一下被选择性忽视的数据。首先作者/译...

看完本书，很多文章不用看了：说凯恩斯好的，说禁毒好的，说房价会跌的，说要最低工资的，说社保好的等等。

经济学有供需关系图，而供需是怎么来的，作者耐心细致的列表说明，以至与供需都有了亲切感。

禁毒经济学一章，展现了奥地利学派讲道理的功夫。毒品市场化与道德上抑...

一天读完，有点意思，特别是关于资本主义经济周期和鲁滨孙经济学以及分工理论，第一本完整读完的经济学书籍，很多模型和理论没有完全理解。但是总感觉对社会主义经济的观点，嗯，实在是太对了，对于理解现在的经济形势很有裨益。

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